Welcome to Year 6 Guided Reading

The lesson will begin at 09:00am





Turn your camera and microphone off please



Wednesday 10th February, 2021 I will know how to read aloud using expression and intonation.

Do now:



Summarise the sinking of Endurance by picking one word to describe it and explaining your choice of word.

THE MARCH



On 23 December, Shackleton and his men packed their remaining possessions and left Ocean Camp in search of safer ice. It was a long march. Exhausted and weakened, the crew and dogs worked heroically, pulling heavily loaded sledges for seven days and seven nights.











ESCAPING THE ICE

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After six months on the ice, Shackleton and his menwere now halancing precariously on a raft of ice that was beginning to break up. They had to move.



Sailing was dangerous, as fast, foamy water hurled blocks of ice to and fro, while waves cast 60-foot sprays of icy cold water.



As light faded, camp was pitched on a large, flat floe. That very night, the ice split and Holness fell into the dark water. Luckily, Shackdeton was nearby to rescue him.



Shackleton and Wild captained the James Caird, Worsley directed the Dudley Docker, and Hudson and Crean were in charge of the Stancomb Wills.



But the three boats had to push on as far as they could. Their lives depended on reaching land as their supplies were now limited by the size of the boats.



When Shackleton asked if Holness was alright, he replied, "Yes, Boss, only thing I'm thinking about is my baccy (tobacco) I'd left in the bag."



After taking refuge in their boats and having little sleep, the crew set out again at 6 am, heading west. They stopped early, having been at the oars for over 36 hours.



Despite the bitter days and nights, Wild remained as cheery as ever, steering the boat on towards the warm prospect of breakfast.



Progress was slow, and Shackleton now decided to sether the boats together for security. The Stancomb Wills had to be towed by the James Caird, as she could not keep up.



But the men were never out of harm's way. As they huddled in their boats, killer whales surfaced nearby, hissing and splashing, and almost capsizing them.



As the smoke and smells rose from the little stove, the men's hearts were lifted. The cook's abilities were truly tested on treacherous rafts of ice.



Exhausted, the men clung together for warmth as snow fell silently, covering them like a white blanket. The struggle for survival was taking its toil.





SAILING TO ELEPHANT ISLAND



Given their current position and condition, Shackleton now decided to make a dash for Elephant Island, 100 miles away. Worsley navigated well under the harsh conditions, using only a pocket compass. After over 106 hours of toil, the men were exhausted, frozen like statues, their hands crooked around their ours. Frosthite was now affecting the whole crew. But the sight of dry land was electrifying, 500n they would be the first men ever to set foot on Elephant Island.

After 16 long months, the crew had found solid ground. Dehydrated and bungry, each man are and drank until he was full. But their troubles were not over yet, as the coastlene was exposed to the elements, and a cruel bizzard set in for days...